

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

ONSHORE FACILITIES (EXCLUDING OIL DRILLING, PRODUCTION AND WORKOVER)

Overview of the Checklist

This checklist is designed to assist EPA inspectors in conducting a thorough and nationally consistent inspection of a facility's compliance with the Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) rule at 40 CFR part 112. It is a required tool to help federal inspectors (or their contractors) record observations for the site inspection and review of the SPCC Plan. While the checklist is meant to be comprehensive, the inspector should always refer to the SPCC rule in its entirety, the SPCC Regional Inspector Guidance Document, and other relevant guidance for evaluating compliance. This checklist must be completed in order for an inspection to count toward an agency measure (i.e., OEM inspection measures or GPRA). The completed checklist and supporting documentation (i.e. photo logs or additional notes) serve as the inspection report.

This checklist addresses requirements for onshore facilities including Tier II Qualified Facilities (excluding facilities involved in oil drilling, production and workover activities) that meet the eligibility criteria set forth in §112.3(g)(2).

Separate standalone checklists address requirements for:

Onshore oil drilling, production, and workover facilities including Tier II Qualified Facilities as defined in §112.3(g)(2);

Offshore drilling, production and workover facilities; and

Tier I Qualified Facilities (for facilities that meet the eliqibility criteria defined in §112.3(g)(1))

Qualified facilities must meet the rule requirements in §112.6 and other applicable sections specified in §112.6, except for deviations that provide environmental equivalence and secondary containment impracticability determinations as allowed under §112.6.

The checklist is organized according to the SPCC rule. Each item in the checklist identifies the relevant section and paragraph in 40 CFR part 112 where that requirement is stated.

- Sections 112.1 through 112.5 specify the applicability of the rule and requirements for the preparation, implementation, and amendment of SPCC Plans. For these sections, the checklist includes data fields to be completed, as well as several questions with "yes," "no" or "NA" answers.
- Section 112.6 includes requirements for qualified facilities. These provisions are addressed in Attachment D.
- Section 112.7 includes general requirements that apply to all facilities (unless otherwise excluded).
- Sections 112.8 and 112.12 specify requirements for spill prevention, control, and countermeasures for onshore facilities (excluding production facilities).

The inspector needs to evaluate whether the requirement is addressed adequately or inadequately in the SPCC Plan and whether it is implemented adequately in the field (either by field observation or record review). For the SPCC Plan and implementation in the field, if a requirement is addressed adequately, mark the "Yes" box in the appropriate column. If a requirement is not addressed adequately, mark the "No" box. If a requirement does not apply to the particular facility or the question asked is not appropriate for the facility, mark as "NA". Discrepancies or descriptions of inspector interpretation of "No" vs. "NA" may be documented in the comments box subsequent to each section. If a provision of the rule applies only to the SPCC Plan, the "Field" column is shaded.

Space is provided throughout the checklist to record comments. Additional space is available as Attachment E at the end of the checklist. Comments should remain factual and support the evaluation of compliance.

Attachments

- Attachment A is for recording information about containers and other locations at the facility that require secondary containment.
- Attachment B is a checklist for documentation of the tests and inspections the facility operator is required to keep with the SPCC Plan.
- Attachment C is a checklist for oil spill contingency plans following 40 CFR 109. Unless a facility has submitted a Facility Response Plan (FRP) under 40 CFR 112.20, a contingency plan following 40 CFR 109 is required if a facility determines that secondary containment is impracticable as provided in 40 CFR 112.7(d). The same requirement for an oil spill contingency plan applies to the owner or operator of a facility with qualified oil-filled operational equipment that chooses to implement alternative requirements instead of general secondary containment requirements as provided in 40 CFR 112.7(k).
- Attachment D is a checklist for Tier II Qualified Facilities.
- Attachment E is for recording additional comments or notes.
- Attachment F is for recording information about photos.



FACILITY INFORMATION	**************************************							Salakan Artist	
FACILITY NAME: Terrebonne Bay Area	a Shore	ebas	е						
LATITUDE: 29.249722	ONGITU	ONGITUDE: -90.664722			G	GPS DATUM: Google Earth			
Section/Township/Range:	ection/Township/Range: FRS#/OIL DA			TABA	TABASE ID: R6-LA-00099			ICIS#:	
ADDRESS: 8236 Hwy 56									
CITY: Chavin	STATE: LA ZIP: 70344				COUNTY: Terrebonne				
MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT FROM FACIL same	ITY ADDRE	:SS – II	F NOT, PRINT "SAME	·"):					
CITY:	STATE	<u>:</u>		ZIP:			COL	INTY:	
TELEPHONE: 985-594-1301	FA	ACIL	ITY CONTACT	T NAM	/E/TITLE:	Jonathan	Cadie	re/EH&S Coordinator	
OWNER NAME: Hilcorp Energy Comp	any/ Co	ory J	ohnson - HS	&E M	anager				
OWNER ADDRESS: 1201 Louisiana S	t; ste 14	400							
CITY: Houston	STATE	: T)	x	ZIP:	77002		cou	JNTY:	
TELEPHONE: 713-209-2400	FA	AX:		· L ···········		EMAIL:	cjohn	son@hilcorp.com	
FACILITY OPERATOR NAME (IF DIFFERENT	FROM OW	NEA -	IF NOT, PRINT "SAM	E"): S	ame				
OPERATOR ADDRESS:				···					
CITY:	STATE	Ξ:		ZIP:			COL	COUNTY:	
TELEPHONE:	OI	PER.	ATOR CONTA	CT N	AME/TITLE	:			
FACILITY TYPE: Shorebase staging fa	cility		-				NAIC	CS CODE: 213111	
HOURS PER DAY FACILITY ATTENDED): 24/7			тот	AL FACILIT	TY CAPACI	TY: 3	7,720 gal	
TYPE(S) OF OIL STORED: diesel, gase	oline, lu	be c	oil, engine oil				i		
LOCATED IN INDIAN COUNTRY? YE	ES 🖸	NO	RESERVATION	N NA	ME:		,		
INSPECTION/PLAN REVIEW INFOR	MATIO	N					3,600		
PLAN REVIEW DATE: 11/6/13	.F	REVI	IEWER NAME:	Chr	is Perry				
INSPECTION DATE: 11/6/13		TIME	: 0900	ACTIVITY ID NO: SPCC_LA-2014-00030					
LEAD INSPECTOR: Chris Perry									
OTHER INSPECTOR(S):									
INSPECTION ACKNOWLEDGMENT					100				
I performed an SPCC inspection at the fa	cility spe	CHIE	d above.						
INSPECTOR SIGNATURE: DATE: 12/11/13					E: 12/11/13				
SUPERVISOR REVIEW/SIGNATURE: DATE: 12/11/13									

SPOOLSTMEDAL ASSULGABILITY AS SED 440.4							
SPCC GENERAL APPLICABILITY—40 CFR 112.1	and the state of t						
IS THE FACILITY REGULATED UNDER 40 CFR part 112?							
The completely buried oil storage capacity is over 42,000 U.S. gallons oil storage capacity is over 1,320 U.S. gallons AND	√Yes □No						
The facility is a non-transportation-related facility engaged in drilling, producing, gathering, storing, processing, refining, transferring, distributing, using, or consuming oil and oil products, which due to its location could reasonably be expected to discharge oil into or upon the navigable waters of the United States							
AFFECTED WATERWAY(S): Bay Cocodrie	DISTANCE: 0						
FLOW PATH TO WATERWAY:							
facility is located in Cocodrie Bayou which connects to Cocodrie B	ay						
	·						
Note: The following storage capacity is not considered in determining applicability of	·						
Transportation, U.S. Department of the Interior, or Minerals	Containers smaller than 55 U.S. gallons;						
Navamber 24, 1074, and Alayamber 2, 1000. Tank tryalia that ration to	Permanently closed containers (as defined in §112.2);						
an otherwise regulated facility that contain only residual amounts of oil	Motive power containers(as defined in §112.2);						
Completely buried tanks subject to all the technical requirements of 40	Hot-mix asphalt or any hot-mix asphalt containers; Heating oil containers used solely at a single-family residence;						
Crn pan 200 or a state program approved under 40 Crn pan 201,	Pesticide application equipment and related mix containers;						
supply emergency diesel generators at a nuclear power generation	Any milk and milk product container and associated piping and						
subject to any NRC provision regarding design and quality criteria,	appurtenances; and						
	Intra-facility gathering lines subject to the regulatory requirements of 49 CFR part 192 or 195.						
(production, recovery or recycling of oil is not considered wastewater treatment); (This does not include other oil containers located at a	5. 10 S. 11 P. 11 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1						
wastewater treatment facility, such as generator tanks or transformers)							
Does the facility have an SPCC Plan?	✓ Yes No						
FACILITY RESPONSE PLAN (FRP) APPLICABILITY—40 CFR 11	(2.20(f)						
A non-transportation related onshore facility is required to prepare and imple							
A non-transportation related onshore facility is required to prepare and implementation. The facility transfers oil over water to or from vessels and has a total 42,000 U.S. gallons, OR	lement an FRP as outlined in 40 CFR 112.20 if: al oil storage capacity greater than or equal to						
A non-transportation related onshore facility is required to prepare and implementation of the facility transfers oil over water to or from vessels and has a total 42,000 U.S. gallons, OR The facility has a total oil storage capacity of at least 1 million U.S.	lement an FRP as outlined in 40 CFR 112.20 if: al oil storage capacity greater than or equal to gallons, AND at least one of the following is true:						
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SPCC TIER II	QUALIFIED FAC	CILITY APPLICABILIT	TY—40 CFR 112:3(g)(2)		
The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity is 10,000 U.S. gallons or less AND In the three years prior to the SPCC Plan self-certification date, or since becoming subject to the rule (if the facility has been in operation for less than three years), the facility has NOT had:					Yes No
1		I in §112.1(b) exceeding			_Yes ∠No
Two discharged			ing 42 U.S. gallons within a		Yes _∕_No
			IEN THE FACILITY IS A TI R TIER II QUALIFIED FAC		ITY*
REQUIREMEN	NTS FOR PREPA	ARATION AND IMPLE	EMENTATION OF A SPO	C PLAN—40 CFR 11	2.3
Date facility beg	an operations: 19	50s			
Date of initial SF	PCC Plan preparati	on: 6/10	Current Plan version (date	/number): June 16, 20	10
112.3(a)	In operation		nobile or portable facilitie 10, 2011: Plan prepared ar		✓Yes □No □NA
		perations after November ning operations	r 10, 2011, Plan prepared a	nd fully implemented	Yes No NA
			2002: Plan maintained, am	ended and	Yes No NA
	Beginning op fully impleme	perations after August 16 ented by May 10, 2013	, 2002 through May 10, 20	13: Plan prepared and	Yes No ZNA
	Beginning op beginning op		013: Plan prepared and full	y implemented before	Yes No NA
112.3(d)	Plan is certified by PE attests:	a registered Profession	al Engineer (PE) and include	les statements that the	Yes No NA
		r with the requirements of	•		Yes No NA
	-	has visited and examine	•		Yes No NA
-			good engineering practice in the requirements of 40 CFF		Yes No NA
	Procedures f	or required inspections a	and testing have been estab	olished	Yes No NA
	Plan is adequ	uate for the facility			Yes No NA
PE Name: Jose	ph Morton	License No.: 24921	State: LA	Date of certification	: 6/16/10
112.3(e)(1)	112.3(e)(1) Plan is available onsite if attended at least 4 hours per day. If facility is unattended, Plan is available at the nearest field office. (Please note nearest field office contact information in comments section below.)				
Comments:					
-					
					•
·			•		

¹ Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

² An owner/operator who self-certifies a Tier II SPCC Plan may include environmentally equivalent alternatives and/or secondary containment

impracticability determinations when reviewed and certified by a PE.

AMENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN B	Y REGIONAL ADM	IINISTRATOR (RA)—	10 CFR 112.4	
112.4(a),(c)	Has the facility discharge or more than 42 U.S.	arged more than 1,000 gallons in each of two	O U.S. gallons of oil in a so reportable discharges in	ingle reportable discharge any 12-month period?3	☑Yes ☐No
If YES	Was information	submitted to the RA	as required in §112.4(a)?	4	Yes No NA
	pollution control Date(s) and volu	activities in the State	ropriate agency or agenc in which the facility is loc ischarges(s) under this so	ated§112.4(c)	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
	1	rges reported to the N	NRC⁵?		☑Yes ☐No
112.4(d),(e)	Have changes require	ed by the RA been im	plemented in the Plan an	d/or facility?	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
Comments:	<u> </u>				
1	22; Facility has not y nat they do not have			working on a plan to mal	ke appropriate
AMENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN B	Y THE OWNER OF	OPERATOR—40 CF	R 112:5	
112.5(a)	Has there been a chadescribed in §112.1(b		materially affects the pot	tential for a discharge	☐Yes
If YES	Was the Plan ar	mended within six mor	nths of the change?		Yes No
·	Were amendme	nts implemented withi	n six months of any Plan	amendment?	Yes No
112.5(b)	Review and evaluation	on of the Plan complet	ed at least once every 5	/ears?	Yes No NA
	prevention and contro		within six months to inclubeen field-proven to sign .1(b)?		Yes No ANA
-	Amendments implem	ented within six montl	ns of any Plan amendme	nt?	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	Five year Plan review	and evaluation docu	mented?		☐Yes ☑No ☐NA -
112.5(c)			echnical Plan amendmen ept for self-certified Plans		Yes No NA
Name:		License No.:	State:	Date of certification:	
Reason for ame	ndment:		,		
Comments:					
The plan did not have a section that discusses the requirement of the 5 year review; nor does it have a place document when the review takes place.					
	-			cility so that they do not d by a PE since they are	·
	•				

A reportable discharge is a discharge as described in §112.1(b)(see 40 CFR part 110). The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.
 Triggering this threshold may disqualify the facility from meeting the Qualified Facility criteria if it occurred in the three years prior to self certification
 Inspector Note-Confirm any spills identified above were reported to NRC

GENERAL SE	CC REQUIREMENTS—40 CFR 112.7	PLAŇ	FIELD
Management ap fully implement	proval at a level of authority to commit the necessary resources to the Plan ⁶	Yes No	
Plan follows sec requirements ar	quence of the rule or is an equivalent Plan meeting all applicable rule and includes a cross-reference of provisions	Yes No NA	a Harris Ing
details of their in	facilities, procedures, methods, or equipment not yet fully operational, installation and start-up are discussed (Note: Relevant for inspection testing baselines.)	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	
112.7(a)(2)	The Plan includes deviations from the requirements of §§112.7(g), (h)(2) and (3), and (i) and applicable subparts B and C of the rule, except the secondary containment requirements in §§112.7(c) and (h)(1), 112.8(c)(2),112.8(c)(11), 112.12(c)(2), and 112.12(c)(11)	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	i i viljar
If YES	The Plan states reasons for nonconformance	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	2
	 Alternative measures described in detail and provide equivalent environmental protection (Note: Inspector should document if the environmental equivalence is implemented in the field, in accordance with the Plan's description) 	Yes No NA	Yes No 7 NA
Describe each of	leviation and reasons for nonconformance:		
		•	
			_
		F	•
			!
		•	
			!
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:			
,		•	
			•

⁶ May be part of the Plan or demonstrated elsewhere. Onshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production)

		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(a)(3)	Plan describes physical layout of facility and includes a diagram ⁷ that identifies: • Location and contents of all regulated fixed oil storage containers	☑Yes ☐No	☑Yes ☐No
	Storage areas where mobile or portable containers are located	•	
	 Completely buried tanks otherwise exempt from the SPCC requirements (marked as "exempt") 		
	• Transfer stations	:	
	 Connecting pipes, including intra-facility gathering lines that are otherwise exempt from the requirements of this part under §112.1(d)(11) 		
	Plan addresses each of the following:		
(i)	For each fixed container, type of oil and storage capacity (see Attachment A of this checklist). For mobile or portable containers, type of oil and storage capacity for each container or an estimate of the potential number of mobile or portable containers, the types of oil, and anticipated storage capacities	✓Yes No	☑Yes ☐ No
(ii)	Discharge prevention measures, including procedures for routine handling of products (loading, unloading, and facility transfers, etc.)	☐Yes ☑No	☑Yes ☐No
(iii)	Discharge or drainage controls, such as secondary containment around containers, and other structures, equipment, and procedures for the control of a discharge	_Yes ☑No	Yes No
(iv)	Countermeasures for discharge discovery, response, and cleanup (both facility's and contractor's resources)	☑Yes ☐No	Yes No
(v)	Methods of disposal of recovered materials in accordance with applicable legal requirements	✓Yes No	
(vi)	Contact list and phone numbers for the facility response coordinator, National Response Center, cleanup contractors with an agreement for response, and all Federal, State, and local agencies who must be contacted in the case of a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☑Yes ☐No	
112.7(a)(4)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted an FRP under §112.20:	Yes No NA	
	Plan includes information and procedures that enable a person reporti an oil discharge as described in §112.1(b) to relate information on the:		
	Exact address or location and phone Description of all afformations and phone		The state of the s
	Data and time of the discharge	rge; caused by the discharge;	a escalibilità della dilla di
	Type of material discharged; Actions being used to	to stop, remove, and	Transferred to the second seco
. ,	 Estimates of the total quantity discharged; mitigate the effects of Estimates of the quantity discharged as Whether an evacuat 	the discharge; tion may be needed; and	
	described in §112.1(b); • Names of individuals	s and/or organizations who	- A
	Source of the discharge; have also been conta		1.0
112.7(a)(5)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20: Plan organized so that portions describing procedures to be used when a discharge occurs will be readily usable in an emergency	☑Yes ☑No ☑NA	
112.7(b)	Plan includes a prediction of the direction, rate of flow, and total quantity of oil that could be discharged for each type of major equipment failure where experience indicates a reasonable potential for equipment failure	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	
Comments:			-
	- There are no transfer procedures located in the plan)- the plan does not accurately describe the facility's drainage lay	yout and procedures	
		• • • •	·

⁷ Note in comments any discrepancies between the facility diagram, the description of the physical layout of facility, and what is observed in the field Onshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production)

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,		PLAN FIELD
112.7(c)	Appropriate containment and/or diversionary structures or equipment a in §112.1(b), except as provided in §112.7(k) of this section for cerentire containment system, including walls and floors, are capable of cescape of a discharge from the containment system before cleanup of secondary containment address the typical failure mode and the most See Attachment A of this checklist.	tain qualified operational equipment. The ontaining oil and are constructed to prevent curs. The method, design, and capacity for
	For onshore facilities, one of the following or its equivalent: Dikes, berms, or retaining walls sufficiently impervious to contain oil: Curbing or drip pans; Sumps and collection systems; Culverting, gutters or other drainage systems; Weirs, boon Spill diversion Retention po	onds; or
	Identify which of the following are present at the facility and if appropria equipment are provided as described above:	1
	Bulk storage containers	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA ☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
	Mobile/portable containers	Yes No NA Yes No NA
	Oil-filled operational equipment (as defined in 112.2)	Yes No NA Yes No NA
	Other oil-filled equipment (i.e., manufacturing equipment)	Yes No NA Yes No NA
	Piping and related appurtenances	Yes No NA Yes No NA
	Mobile refuelers or non-transportation-related tank cars	Yes No NA Yes No NA
	Transfer areas, equipment and activities	Yes No NA Yes No NA
	Identify any other equipment or activities that are not listed above:	Yes No INA Yes No INA
112.7(d)	Secondary containment for one (or more) of the following provisions is determined to be impracticable:	☑Yes ☐No
	General secondary containment \$112.7(c) S\$112.8(c)(2)/112.12(c)(2)	
	Loading/unloading rack §112.7(h)(1) S§112.8(c)(11)/ 112.12(c)(11)	
If YES	 The impracticability of secondary containment is clearly demonstrated and described in the Plan 	☐Ýes ☑No ☐NA ☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	 For bulk storage containers,⁸ periodic integrity testing of containers and integrity and leak testing of the associated valves and piping is conducted 	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA ☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	(Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20):	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
	 Contingency Plan following the provisions of 40 CFR part 109 is provided (see Attachment C of this checklist) <u>AND</u> 	
	 Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful 	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA ☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
Comments:		
112.7(c)- The 112.7(d)- The	plan does not discuss the required containment for the two transfer are gaps in the joints of the whaskey slab that need to be correlated that sized containment for the bulk storage tanks is it in the plan and is not necessary since the tanks are located over	ected mpracticable. This is not clearly

⁸ These additional requirements apply only to bulk storage containers, when an impracticability determination has been made by the PE

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		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(e)	Inspections and tests conducted in accordance with written procedures	☑Yes ☐No	☐Yes☑No
	Record of inspections or tests signed by supervisor or inspector	☑Yes ☐No	Yes No
	Kept with Plan for at least 3 years (see Attachment B of this checklist) ⁹	✓ Yes □ No	Yes No
112.7(f)	Personnel, training, and oil discharge prevention procedures		
(1)	Training of oil-handling personnel in operation and maintenance of equipment to prevent discharges; discharge procedure protocols; applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations; general facility operations; and contents of SPCC Plan	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(2)	Person designated as accountable for discharge prevention at the facility and reports to facility management	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(3)	Discharge prevention briefings conducted at least once a year for oil handling personnel to assure adequate understanding of the Plan. Briefings highlight and describe known discharges as described in §112.1(b) or failures, malfunctioning components, and any recently developed precautionary measures	Yes No NA	☑Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
112.7(g)	Plan describes how to: Secure and control access to the oil handling, processing and storage areas; Secure master flow and drain valves; Prevent unauthorized access to starter controls on oil pumps; Secure out-of-service and loading/unloading connections of oil pipelines; and Address the appropriateness of security lighting to both prevent acts of vandalism and assist in the discovery of oil discharges.	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	☑Yes No NA
112.7(h)	Tank car and tank truck loading/unloading rack ¹⁰ is present at the facil	ity	Yes No
	Loading/unloading rack means a fixed structure (such as a platform, gangway) car, which is located at a facility subject to the requirements of this part. A loadi and may include any combination of the following: piping assemblages, valves, safety devices.	ng/unloading rack includes a	loading or unloading arm,
If YES (1)	Does loading/unloading rack drainage flow to catchment basin or treatment facility designed to handle discharges or use a quick drainage system?	Yes No 7NA	Yes No VNA
·	Containment system holds at least the maximum capacity of the largest single compartment of a tank car/truck loaded/unloaded at the facility	Yes No INA	Yes. No 🗸 NA
(2)	An interlocked warning light or physical barriers, warning signs, wheel chocks, or vehicle brake interlock system in the area adjacent to the loading or unloading rack to prevent vehicles from departing before complete disconnection of flexible or fixed oil transfer lines	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(3)	Lower-most drains and all outlets on tank cars/trucks inspected prior to filling/departure, and, if necessary ensure that they are tightened, adjusted, or replaced to prevent liquid discharge while in transit	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
Comments:			
1	e facility is not conducting monthly written inspections as required e plan-does not discuss the security measures that the facility has		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
•			•
			•

⁹ Records of inspections and tests kept under usual and customary business practices will suffice ¹⁰ Note that a tank car/truck loading/unloading rack must be present for §112.7(h) to apply

	The Control of the Co	PLAN	FIELD
112.7(i)	Brittle fracture evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers is conducted after tank repair, alteration, reconstruction, or change in service that might affect the risk of a discharge or after a discharge/failure due to brittle fracture or other catastrophe, and appropriate action taken as necessary (applies to only field-constructed aboveground containers)	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	Yes No 7NA
112.7(j)	Discussion of conformance with applicable more stringent State rules, regulations, and guidelines and other effective discharge prevention and containment procedures listed in 40 CFR part 112	Yes No NA	
112.7(k)	Qualified oil-filled operational equipment is present at the facility ¹¹		Yes No
If YES	Oil-filled operational equipment means equipment that includes an oil storage of present solely to support the function of the apparatus or the device. Oil-filled of container, and does not include oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flow-through equipment include, but are not limited to, hydraulic systems, lubricating systems rotating equipment, including pumpjack lubrication systems), gear boxes, mach transformers, circuit breakers, electrical switches, and other systems containing Check which apply:	perational equipment is not n process). Examples of oil- s (e.g., those for pumps, cor ining coolant systems, heat	considered a bulk storage filled operational npressors and other transfer systems,
	Secondary Containment provided in accordance with 112.7(c)		
	Alternative measure described below (confirm eligibility)		
112.7(k)	 Qualified Oil-Filled Operational Equipment Has a single reportable discharge as described in §112.1(b) from operational equipment exceeding 1,000 U.S. gallons occurred with prior to Plan certification date? 		☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	 Have two reportable discharges as described in §112.1(b) from an operational equipment each exceeding 42 U.S. gallons occurred we period within the three years prior to Plan certification date?¹² 		Yes No NA
	If YES for either, secondary containment in accordance	ance with §112.7(c) is red	quired .
	 Facility procedure for inspections or monitoring program to detect equipment failure and/or a discharge is established and documented 	Yes No MA	Yes No NA
	Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20: Contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109 (see Attachment C of this checklist) is provided in Plan AND Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil	Yes No NA	a surface de la marche de la companya de la company
Commonts	discharged that may be harmful is provided in Plan		147
Comments:	odere de constatte de partir BOMA Forma		
	plan does not discuss Brittle Fracture plan does not discuss the more stringent State requirements tha	tican he in LAC 33 sui	nnart 109
112.7()		Course in Erico do Sui	opart 100.
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i			, .
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¹¹ This provision does not apply to oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flow-through process)

¹² Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

ONSHORE FA 40 CFR 112.8	ACILITIES (EXCLUDING PRODUCTION) //112.12	PLAN	FIELD
112.8(b)/ 112.1	2(b) Facility Drainage	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	The second secon
Diked Areas	Drainage from diked storage areas is:	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(1)	Restrained by valves, except where facility systems are designed to control such discharge, <u>OR</u>		
	Manually activated pumps or ejectors are used and the condition of the accumulation is inspected prior to draining dike to ensure no oil will be discharged		
(2)	Diked storage area drain valves are manual, open-and-closed design (not flapper-type drain valves)	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	If drainage is released directly to a watercourse and not into an onsite wastewater treatment plant, retained storm water is inspected and discharged per §§112.8(c)(3)(ii), (iii), and (iv) or §§112.12(c)(3)(ii), (iii), and (iv).	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
Undiked Areas (3)	Drainage from undiked areas with a potential for discharge designed to flow into ponds, lagoons, or catchment basins to retain oil or return it to facility. Catchment basin located away from flood areas. 13	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(4)	If facility drainage not engineered as in (b)(3) (i.e., drainage flows into ponds, lagoons, or catchment basins) then the facility is equipped with a diversion system to retain oil in the facility in the event of an uncontrolled discharge. ¹⁴	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(5)	Are facility drainage waters continuously treated in more than one treatment unit and pump transfer is needed?	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
If YES	Two "lift" pumps available and at least one permanently installed	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	Facility drainage systems engineered to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b) in the case of equipment failure or human error	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
Comments:		L	
dumped into t actually drain	tanks are located offshore and the plan states that the everything the canal. During the inspection it was noted that the sump does s the sump via vacuum track when it is noticed the sump is full. age operations.	not have a water leg a	and that the facility
·			
			•
440.04-)/440.40	WAR III O		
Bulk storage c prior to use, w storage contai		perating, or manufacturing ed	quipment is not a bulk
If bulk storage	containers are not present, mark this section Not Applicable (NA). If present, con	mplete this section and Attac	
(1)	Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(2)	Except for mobile refuelers and other non-transportation-related tank trucks, construct all bulk storage tank installations with secondary containment to hold capacity of largest container and sufficient freeboard for precipitation	Yes No NA	
	Diked areas sufficiently impervious to contain discharged oil OR	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	
	Alternatively, any discharge to a drainage trench system will be safely confined in a facility catchment basin or holding pond	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		<u> </u>

Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

14 These provisions apply only when a facility drainage system is used for containment; otherwise mark NA

72.08.2	The state of the s	PLAN	FIELD
(3)	Is there drainage of uncontaminated rainwater from diked areas into a storm drain or open watercourse?	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
If YES	Bypass valve normally sealed closed	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	Retained rainwater is inspected to ensure that its presence will not cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	Bypass valve opened and resealed under responsible supervision	Yes No No	Yes No NA
	 Adequate records of drainage are kept; for example, records required under permits issued in accordance with 40 CFR §§122.41(j)(2) and (m)(3) 	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(4)	For completely buried metallic tanks installed on or after January 10, 1974 (if not exempt from SPCC regulation because subject to all of the technical requirements of 40 CFR part 280 or 281):		
	Provide corrosion protection with coatings or cathodic protection compatible with local soil conditions	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	Regular leak testing conducted	Yes No No NA	Yes No INA
(5)	The buried section of partially buried or bunkered metallic tanks protected from corrosion with coatings or cathodic protection compatible with local soil conditions	Yes No NA	Yes No ZNA
(6)	Test or inspect each aboveground container for integrity on a regular schedule and whenever you make material repairs. Techniques include, but are not limited to: visual inspection, hydrostatic testing, radiographic testing, ultrasonic testing, acoustic emissions testing, or other system of non-destructive testing.	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	 Appropriate qualifications for personnel performing tests and inspections are identified in the Plan and have been assessed in accordance with industry standards 		Yes No ZNA
	 The frequency and type of testing and inspections are documented, are in accordance with industry standards and take into account the container size, configuration and design 	Yes / No NA	Yes No NA
5	 Comparison records of aboveground container integrity testing are maintained 		Yes No NA
	Container supports and foundations regularly inspected	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	 Outside of containers frequently inspected for signs of deterioration, discharges, or accumulation of oil inside diked areas 	☑Yes ☑No ☑NA	Yes No NA
	Records of all inspections and tests maintained 15	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
Integrity Testing	Standard identified in the Plan:		
1 ' '	lan states that if a problem is found during visual inspections the anks; but the plan never discusses what standard to use or what	•	
F 00018094970 (100 100 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Conduct formal visual inspection on a regular schedule for bulk		
	storage containers that meet all of the following conditions:	LITES LING LINA	LYes LNo ∠NA
(Applies to AFVO Facilities only)	Subject to 21 CFR part 110; Have no external insulation; and Shop-fabricated. Constructed of austenitic stainless		
2	In addition, you must frequently inspect the outside of the container for signs of deterioration, discharges, or accumulation of oil inside diked areas.	□Yes □No ☑NA	□Yes □No ☑NA
	You must determine and document in the Plan the appropriate qualifications for personnel performing tests and inspections. 15	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA∷	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA

Records of inspections and tests kept under usual and customary business practices will suffice Onshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production)
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	Many of the state	PLAN	FIELD
(7)	Leakage through defective internal heating coils controlled:		
	 Steam returns and exhaust lines from internal heating coils that discharge into an open watercourse are monitored for contamination, <u>OR</u> 	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	Steam returns and exhaust lines pass through a settling tank, skimmer, or other separation or retention system	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	Yes No INA
(8)	Each container is equipped with at least one of the following for liquid level sensing:	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
	signal at a constantly attended operation or and pumping stat surveillance station, or audible air vent in smaller facilities; and pumping stat • Fast response sy computers, telept	stem for determining liquid le	evel (such as digital and a person present to
	l militaria de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la company	nd overall filling of bulk cont uid level sensing devices to	
(9)	Effluent treatment facilities observed frequently enough to detect possible system upsets that could cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	Yes No NA
(10)	Visible discharges which result in a loss of oil from the container, including but not limited to seams, gaskets, piping, pumps, valves, rivets, and bolts are promptly corrected and oil in diked areas is promptly removed	Yes No NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
(11)	Mobile or portable containers positioned to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b).	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
·	Mobile or portable containers (excluding mobile refuelers and other non-transportation-related tank trucks) have secondary containment with sufficient capacity to contain the largest single compartment or container and sufficient freeboard to contain precipitation	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
112.8(d)/112.12	(d)Facility transfer operations, pumping, and facility process	· .	
(1)	Buried piping installed or replaced on or after August 16, 2002 has protective wrapping or coating	Yes No NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	Buried piping installed or replaced on or after August 16, 2002 is also cathodically protected or otherwise satisfies corrosion protection standards for piping in 40 CFR part 280 or 281	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	Yes No NA
	Buried piping exposed for any reason is inspected for deterioration; corrosion damage is examined; and corrective action is taken	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(2)	Piping terminal connection at the transfer point is marked as to origin and capped or blank-flanged when not in service or in standby service for an extended time	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA	Yes No NA
(3)	Pipe supports are properly designed to minimize abrasion and corrosion and allow for expansion and contraction	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(4)	Aboveground valves, piping, and appurtenances such as flange joints, expansion joints, valve glands and bodies, catch pans, pipeline supports, locking of valves, and metal surfaces are inspected regularly to assess their general condition	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
	Integrity and leak testing conducted on buried piping at time of installation, modification, construction, relocation, or replacement	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	Yes No NA
(5)	Vehicles warned so that no vehicle endangers aboveground piping and other oil transfer operations	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
Comments:		,	
112.8(c)(8) Th	e plan does not discuss how the facility checks the liquid levels o	of the tanks: 112.8(c)(1	0) is not discussed in
	B(d)(2) is not discussed in the plan; 112.8(d)(4) the facility is not discussed in the plan; 112.8(d)(4).		
piping			

ATTACHMENT A: SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW TABLE

Documentation of Field Observations for Containers and Associated Requirements

Inspectors should use this table to document observations of containers as needed.

Containers and Piping

Check containers for leaks, specifically looking for: drip marks, discoloration of tanks, puddles containing spilled or leaked material, corrosion, cracks, and localized dead vegetation, and standards/specifications of construction.

Check aboveground container foundation for: cracks, discoloration, and puddles containing spilled or leaked material, settling, gaps between container and foundation, and damage caused by vegetation roots.

Check all piping for: droplets of stored material, discoloration, corrosion, bowing of pipe between supports, evidence of stored material seepage from valves or seals, evidence of leaks, and localized dead vegetation. For all aboveground piping, include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items (Document in comments section of §112.8(d) or 112.12(d).)

Secondary Containment (Active and Passive)

Check secondary containment for: containment system (including walls and floor) ability to contain oil such that oil will not escape the containment system before cleanup occurs, proper sizing, cracks, discoloration, presence of spilled or leaked material (standing liquid), erosion, corrosion, penetrations in the containment system, and valve conditions.

Check dike or berm systems for: level of precipitation in dike/available capacity, operational status of drainage valves (closed), dike or berm impermeability, debris, erosion, impermeability of the earthen floor/walls of diked area, and location/status of pipes, inlets, drainage around and beneath containers, presence of oil discharges within diked areas.

Check drainage systems for: an accumulation of oil that may have resulted from any small discharge, including field drainage systems (such as drainage ditches or road ditches), and oil traps, sumps, or skimmers. Ensure any accumulations of oil have been promptly removed.

Check retention and drainage ponds for: erosion, available capacity, presence of spilled or leaked material, debris, and stressed vegetation.

Check active measures (countermeasures) for: amount indicated in plan is available and appropriate; deployment procedures are realistic; material is located so that they are readily available; efficacy of discharge detection; availability of personnel and training, appropriateness of measures to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b).

Container ID/ General Condition ¹⁶ Aboveground or Burled Tank	Storage Capacity and Type of Oll	Type of Containment/ Drainage Control	Overfill Protection and Testing & Inspections
	1	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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i i			a Anno anno anno anno anno anno anno anno
		general de la companya de la company La companya de la co	
1 mm - Sarah manana (Sarah manana Kasamana Kasamana Kasama Kasamana Kasamana Kasamana Kasamana Kasama Kasama Kasama			

¹⁶ Identify each tank with either an A to indicate aboveground or B for completely buried Onshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production) Page A-1 of 2

ATTACHMENT A: SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW TABLE (CONT.) Documentation of Field Observations for Containers and Associated Requirements

Container ID/ General Condition ¹⁷ Aboveground or Buried Tank	Storage Capacity and Type of Oil	Type of Containment/ Drainage Control	Overfill Protection and Testing & Inspections
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
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, at an annual selection of the control of the cont		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second s

¹⁷ Identify each tank with either an A to indicate aboveground or B for completely buried

ATTACHMENT B: SPCC INSPECTION AND TESTING CHECKLIST

Required Documentation of Tests and Inspections

Records of inspections and tests required by 40 CFR part 112 signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector must be kept by all facilities with the SPCC Plan for a period of three years. Records of inspections and tests conducted under usual and customary business practices will suffice. Documentation of the following inspections and tests should be kept with the SPCC Plan.

		Docum	Documentation					
2	Inspection or Test	Present	Not Present	Not Applicable				
112.7-Gener	112.7–General SPCC Requirements							
. (d)	Integrity testing for bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made							
(d)	Integrity and leak testing of valves and piping associated with bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made			7				
(h)(3)	Inspection of lowermost drain and all outlets of tank car or tank truck prior to filling and departure from loading/unloading rack							
(i) 	Evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers for potential for brittle fracture or other catastrophic failure when the container undergoes a repair, alteration, reconstruction or change in service or has discharged oil or failed due to brittle fracture failure or other catastrophe							
. k(2)(i)	Inspection or monitoring of qualified oil-filled operational equipment when the equipment meets the qualification criteria in §112.7(k)(1) and facility owner/operator chooses to implement the alternative requirements in §112.7(k)(2) that include an inspection or monitoring program to detect oil-filled operational equipment failure and discharges			Z				
112.8/112.12-	-Onshore Facilities (excluding oil production facilities)							
(b)(1), (b)(2)	Inspection of storm water released from diked areas into facility drainage directly to a watercourse			<u>M</u>				
(c)(3)	Inspection of rainwater released directly from diked containment areas to a storm drain or open watercourse before release, open and release bypass valve under supervision, and records of drainage events			7				
(c)(4)	Regular leak testing of completely buried metallic storage tanks installed on or after January 10, 1974 and regulated under 40 CFR 112							
(c)(6)	Regular integrity testing of aboveground containers and integrity testing after material repairs, including comparison records		<u>//</u>					
(c)(6), (c)(10)	Regular visual inspections of the outsides of aboveground containers, supports and foundations		V					
(c)(6)	Frequent inspections of diked areas for accumulations of oil			7				
(c)(8)(v)	Regular testing of liquid level sensing devices to ensure proper operation			7				
(c)(9)	Frequent observations of effluent treatment facilities to detect possible system upsets that could cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b)			·				
(d)(1)	Inspection of buried piping for damage when piping is exposed and additional examination of corrosion damage and corrective action, if present			~				
(d)(4)	Regular inspections of aboveground valves, piping and appurtenances and assessments of the general condition of flange joints, expansion joints, valve glands and bodies, catch pans, pipeline supports, locking of valves, and metal surfaces		1					
(d)(4)	Integrity and leak testing of buried piping at time of installation, modification, construction, relocation or replacement			<u>.</u>				

ATTACHMENT C: SPCC CONTINGENCY PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST 40 CFR Part 109—Criteria for State, Local and Regional Oil Removal Contingency Plans

If SPCC Plan includes an impracticability determination for secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(d), the facility owner/operator is required to provide an oil spill contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109, unless he or she has submitted a FRP under §112.20. An oil spill contingency plan may also be developed, unless the facility owner/operator has submitted a FRP under §112.20 as one of the required alternatives to general secondary containment for qualified oil filled operational equipment in accordance with §112.7(k).

109.5-	Development and implementation criteria for State, local and regional oil removal contingency plans 18	Yes	No
(a)	Definition of the authorities, responsibilities and duties of all persons, organizations or agencies which are to be involved in planning or directing oil removal operations.		
(b)	Establishment of notification procedures for the purpose of early detection and timely notification of an oil discharge including:		
(1)	The identification of critical water use areas to facilitate the reporting of and response to oil discharges.		
(2)	A current list of names, telephone numbers and addresses of the responsible persons (with alternates) and organizations to be notified when an oil discharge is discovered.		
(3)	Provisions for access to a reliable communications system for timely notification of an oil discharge, and the capability of interconnection with the communications systems established under related oil removal contingency plans, particularly State and National plans (e.g., National Contingency Plan (NCP)).		
(4)	An established, prearranged procedure for requesting assistance during a major disaster or when the situation exceeds the response capability of the State, local or regional authority.		
(c)	Provisions to assure that full resource capability is known and can be committed during an oil discharge situation including:		
(1)	The identification and inventory of applicable equipment, materials and supplies which are available locally and regionally.		
(2)	An estimate of the equipment, materials and supplies that would be required to remove the maximum oil discharge to be anticipated.		
(3)	Development of agreements and arrangements in advance of an oil discharge for the acquisition of equipment, materials and supplies to be used in responding to such a discharge.		
(d)	Provisions for well-defined and specific actions to be taken after discovery and notification of an oil discharge including:		
(1)	Specification of an oil discharge response operating team consisting of trained, prepared and available operating personnel.		
(2)	Pre-designation of a properly qualified oil discharge response coordinator who is charged with the responsibility and delegated commensurate authority for directing and coordinating response operations and who knows how to request assistance from Federal authorities operating under existing national and regional contingency plans.		
(3)	A preplanned location for an oil discharge response operations center and a reliable communications system for directing the coordinated overall response operations.		
(4)	Provisions for varying degrees of response effort depending on the severity of the oil discharge.		
(5)	Specification of the order of priority in which the various water uses are to be protected where more than one water use may be adversely affected as a result of an oil discharge and where response operations may not be adequate to protect all uses.		
(e)	Specific and well defined procedures to facilitate recovery of damages and enforcement measures as provided for by State and local statutes and ordinances.		

¹⁸ The contingency plan should be consistent with all applicable state and local plans, Area Contingency Plans, and the NCP.

	FIED FACILITY PLAN REQUIREMENTS —40 CFR 112.6(b)	
112.6(b)(1)	Plan Certification: Owner/operator certified in the Plan that:	Yes No
(i)	He or she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR part 112	Yes No
(ii)	He or she has visited and examined the facility ¹⁹	Yes No
	The Plan has been prepared in accordance with accepted and sound industry practices and standards and with the requirements of this part	Yes No
(iv)	Procedures for required inspections and testing have been established	Yes No
(v)	He or she will fully implement the Plan	Yes No
(vi)	The facility meets the qualification criteria set forth under §112.3(g)(2)	Yes No
(vii)	except as described under §112.6(b)(3)(i) or (ii)	Yes No
.,	The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of management and the facility owner or operator has committed the necessary resources to fully implement the Plan.	Yes No
112.6(b)(2)	Technical Amendments: The owner/operator self-certified the Plan's technical amendments for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a §112.1(b) discharge	Yes No
If YES	 Certification of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification provisions of §112.6(b)(1). 	Yes No
(i)	A PE certified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan)	Yes No
If YES	Plan as required under §112.6(b)(4)(ii)	Yes No
(ii)	The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons as a result of the change	Yes No
If YES		
	The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under §112.3(d)	Yes No
112.6(b)(3)	Plan Deviations: Does the Plan include environmentally equivalent alternative methods or impracticability determinations for secondary containment?	Yes No
If YES	Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan:	. .
	Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2); Induce state billion determines and state 27(d)	Yes No
	Impracticability determination under §112.7(d)	L Yes L No L
112.6(b)(4)	 For each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2); 	Yes No
	For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d)	Yes No
75	AND DE applifies in the Plan that	
(i) (A)	PE certifies in the Plan that: He/she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112	Dya Day
(A)	He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility	Yes No
• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Yes No
(C)	The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	Yes No

¹⁹ Note that only the person certifying the Plan can make the site visit

ATTACHMENT E: ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

The facility ASTs currently sit on a whaskey slab that has 6" curbs. The deck drains are connected to a sump on the lower deck. The sump does not have a water leg to allow rainwater to be discharged. The sump is also not outfitted with high level sensors or a pump that is used to remove "oil" or water from the sump and keep up with a small discharge as required by the rule. The sump is acting more like a small catchment basin. Their is a hole on top of the sump and fiberglass/plastic hatch with a PVC vent that covers a large access on top of the sump. The hatch is not attached to the sump and is only resting as a cover on the open area. It appears that when the spill occur the sump filled up and forced the cover off of the open area and spilled over into the below canal. The sump is not set up properly to ensure that the facility can keep up with a small discharge at the facility.

ATTACHMENT E: ADDITIONAL COMMENTS (CONT.)

ATTACHMENT F: PHOTO DOCUMENTATION NOTES

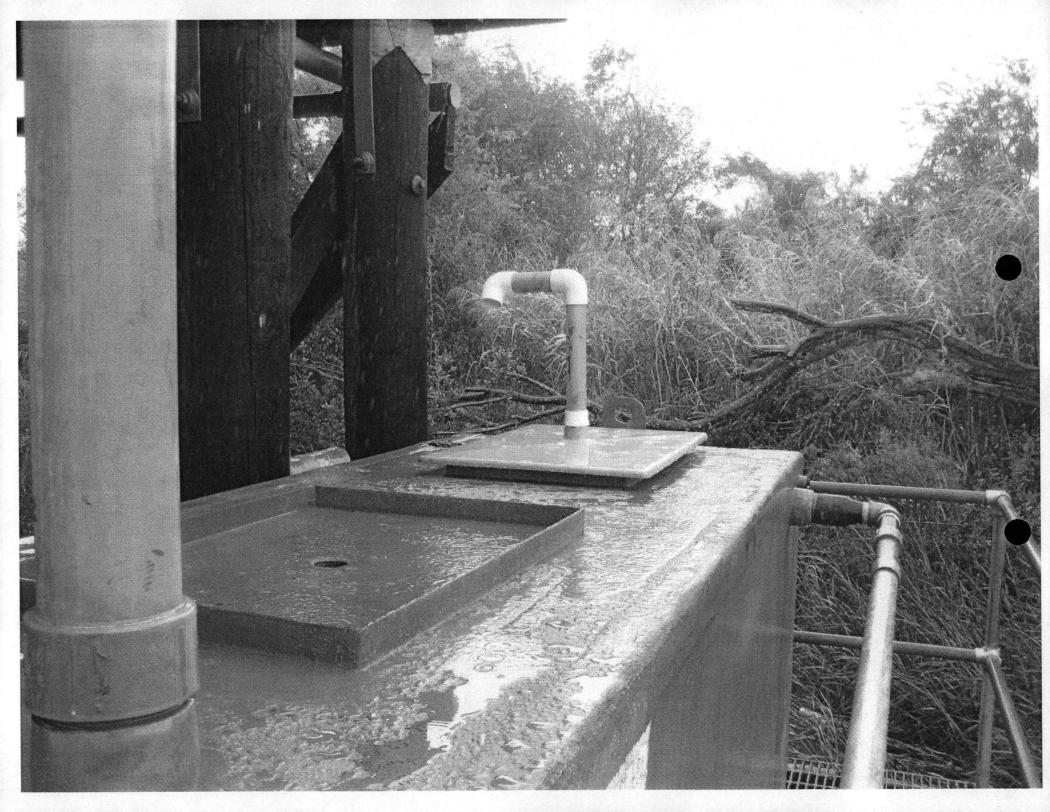
Photo#	Photographer Name	Time of Photo Taken	Compass Direction	Description
65	Chris Perry	0850	S	Facility Sign
66	Chris Perry	1128	E	Facility Tank overview
67	Chris Perry	1130	N	Facility sump
68	Chris Perry	1136	E	Facility diesel tank
69	Chris Perry	1138		slab joint with a gap
70	Chris Perry	1141	N	facility gasoline tank
71	Chris Perry	1141	**************************************	Facility transfer area used to fuel boats
72	Chris Perry	1146		Drain under transfer area that connects to the sump
73	Chris Perry	1148	SW	Facility loading area with drip pan
74	Chris Perry	1154	N	Facility Sump; flex hose is used to suck out liquid from sump when it is full
75.	Chris Perry	1204	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Connection of flex hose that connects to the drain line that leads to the truck loading area

ATTACHMENT F: PHOTO DOCUMENTATION NOTES (CONT.)

Photo#	Photographer Name	Time of Photo Taken	Compass Direction	Description
76	Chris Perry	1206	N	Plastic/fiberglass cover for hatch on top of sump
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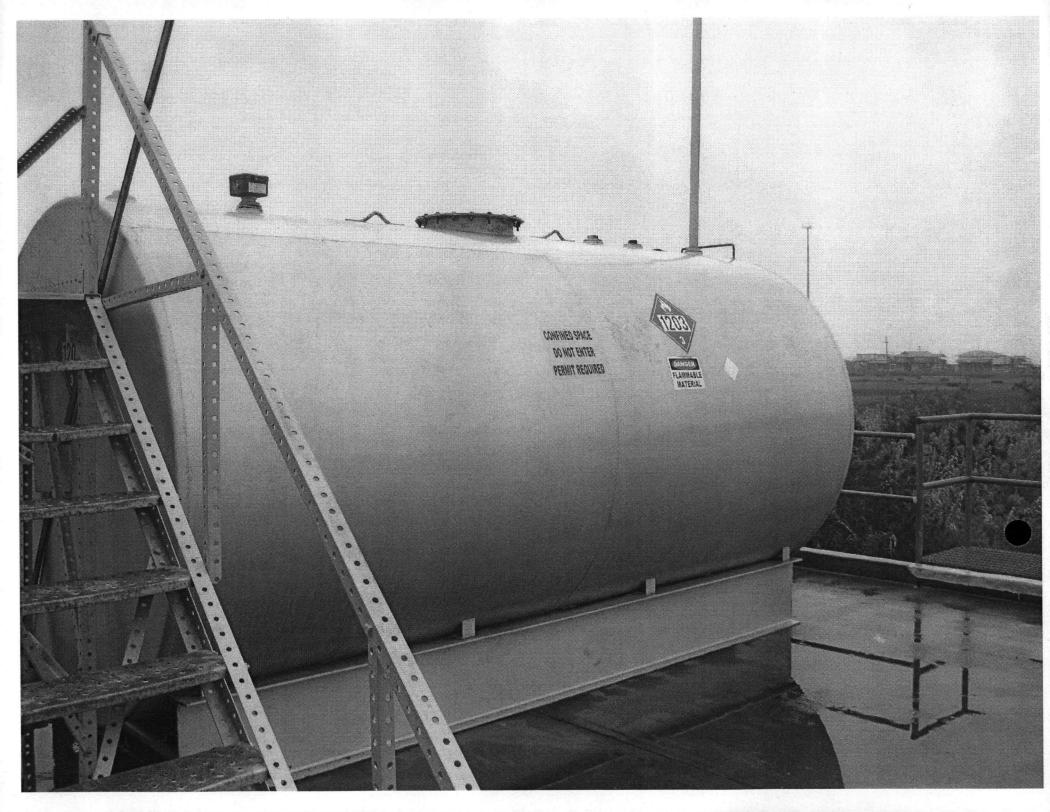


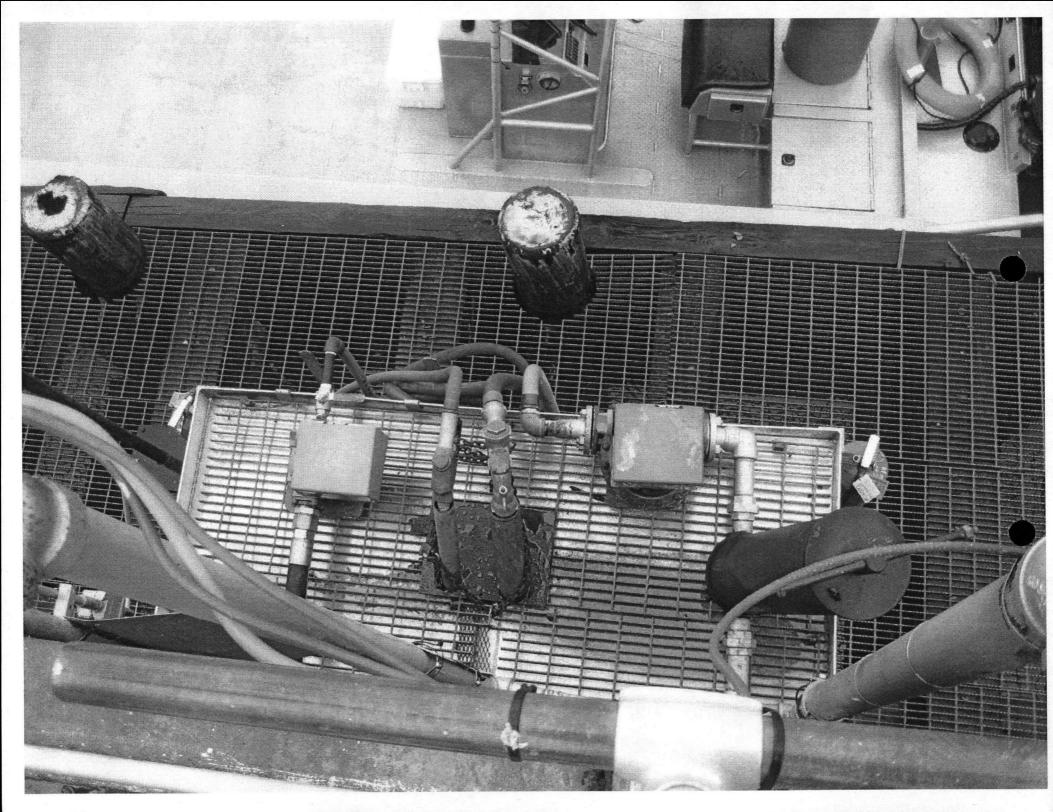


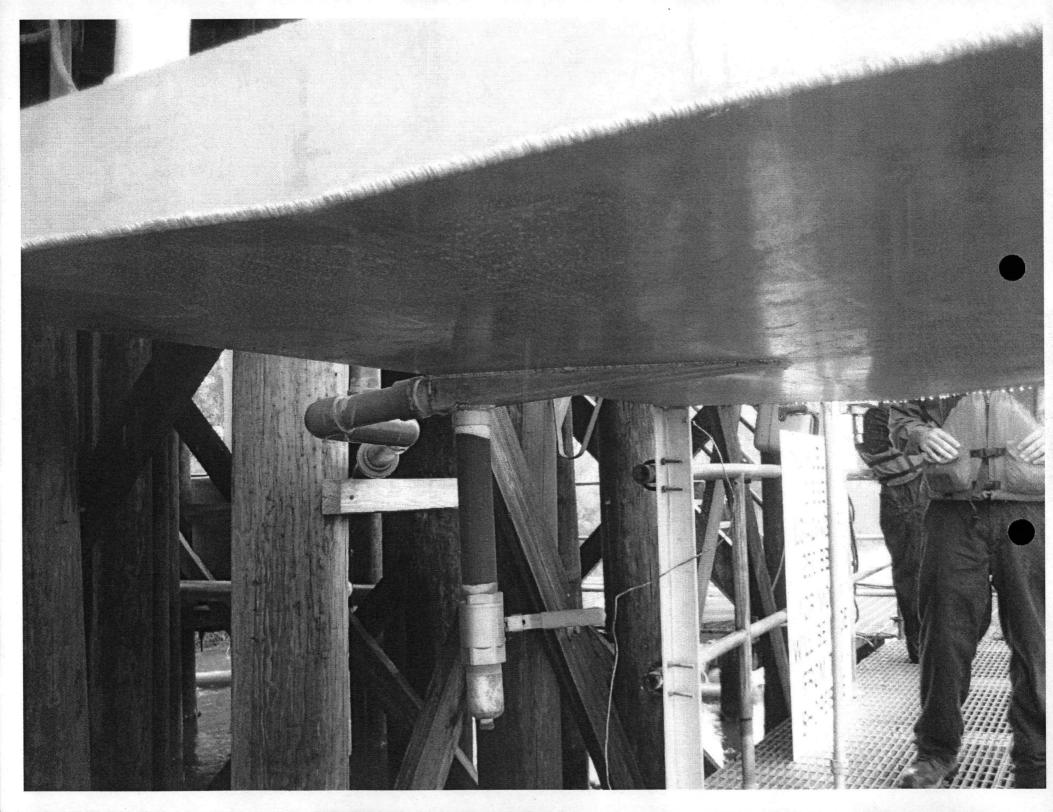


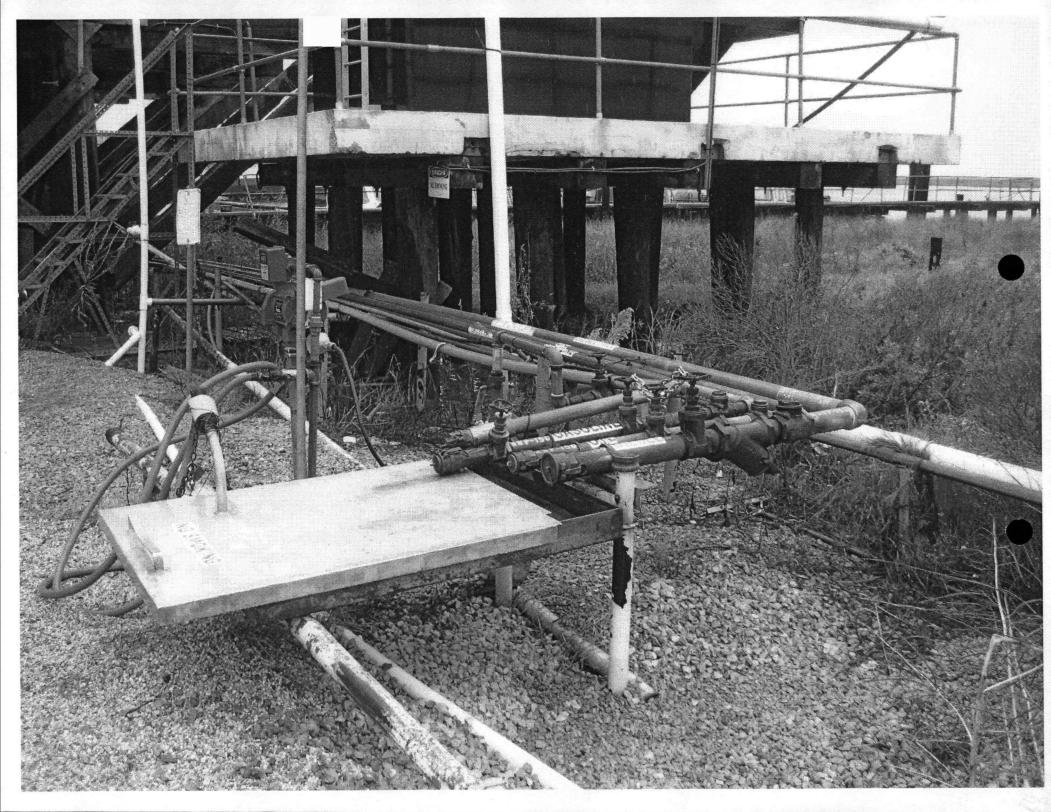




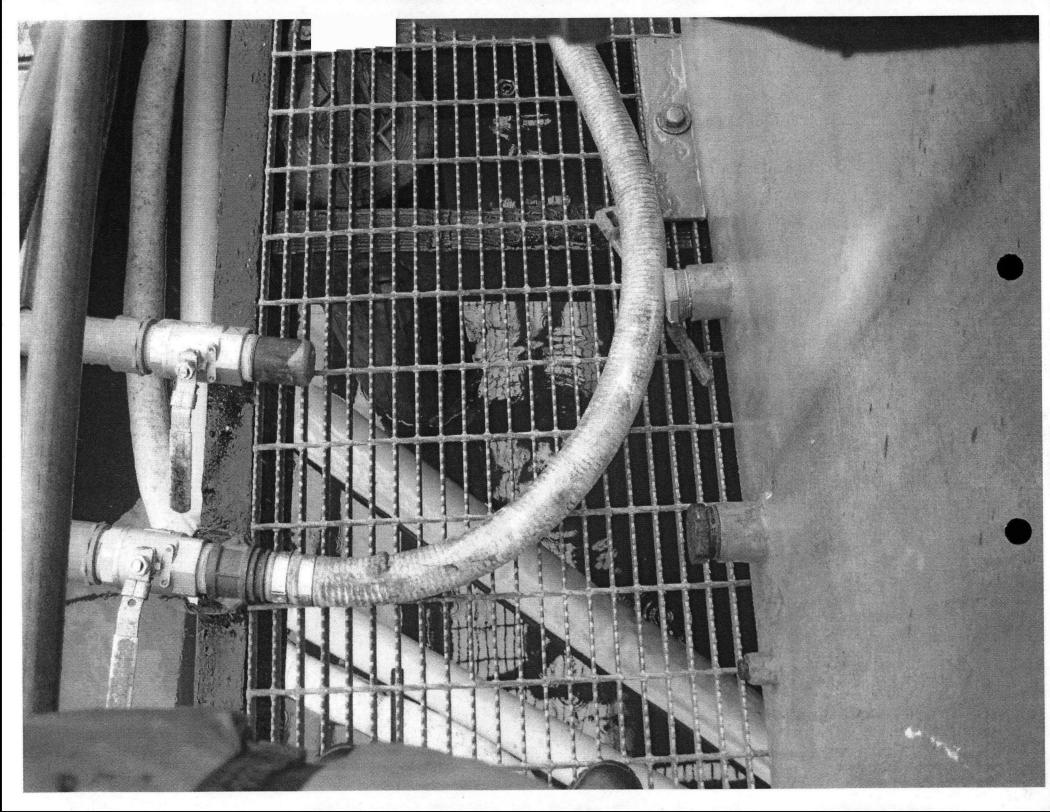


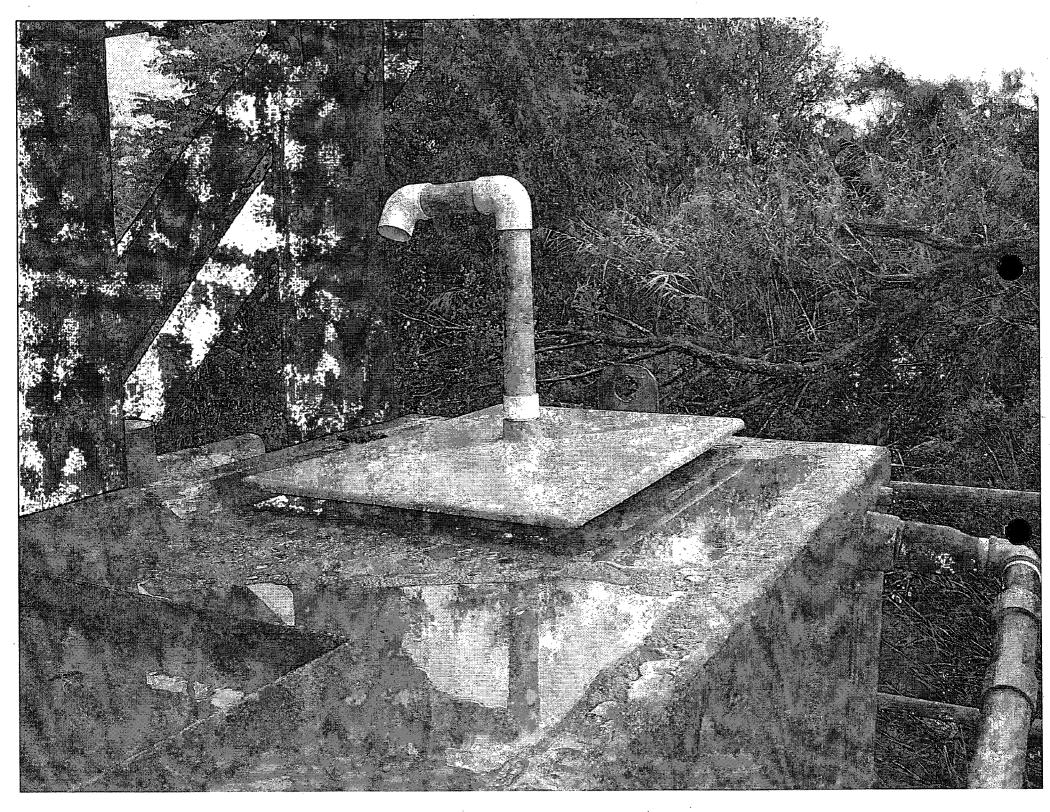












UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 6

IN THE MATTER OF

Hilcorp Energy Company Terrebonne Bay Area Shorebase Terrebonne Parish, LA

Respondent

CWA SECTION 311 CLASS I CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL ORDER UNDER 40 CFR § 22.13(b)

Docket No. CWA-06-2014-48XX

LEGAL AUTHORITY

1. This Consent Agreement is proposed and entered into under the authority vested in the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") by Section 311(b)(6)(B)(i) of the Clean Water Act ("Act"), 33 U.S.C. § 1321(b)(6)(B)(i), as amended by the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, and under the authority provided by 40 CFR §§ 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2). The Administrator has delegated these authorities to the Regional Administrator of EPA, Region 6, who has in turn delegated them to the Director of the Superfund Division of EPA, Region 6, who has, by his concurrence, re-delegated the authority to act as Complainant to the Associate Director Prevention and Response Branch in Region 6, Delegation No. R6-2-51, dated February 13, 2008 ("Complainant").

CONSENT AGREEMENT

Stipulations

The parties, in their own capacity or by their attorneys or other authorized representatives, hereby stipulate:

- 2. Section 311(j)(1)(C) of the Act, 33 USC § 1321(j)(1)(C), provides that the President shall issue regulations "establishing procedures, methods, and equipment and other requirements for equipment to prevent discharges of oil from onshore or offshore vessels and from onshore or offshore facilities, and to contain such discharges"
- 3. Initially by Executive Order 11548 (July 20, 1970), 35 Fed. Reg. 11677 (July 22, 1970), and most recently by Section 2(b)(1) of Executive Order 12777 (October 18, 1991), 56 Fed. Reg. 54757 (October 22, 1991), the President delegated to EPA his Section 311(j)(1)(C) authority to issue the regulations referenced in the preceding Paragraph for non-transportation-related onshore and offshore facilities.
- 4. Through Executive Order 12777 (October 18, 1991), 56 Fed. Reg. 54757 (October 22, 1991), the President delegated to DOI, responsibility for spill prevention and control, contingency planning, and equipment inspection activities associated with offshore facilities. Subsequently, pursuant to section 2(i) of E.O. 12777, the Secretary of the Interior re-delegated, and the Administrator of EPA agreed to assume (MOU published as Appendix B to 40 CFR Part 112), responsibility for non-transportation-related offshore facilities located landward of the coast line.
- 5. EPA promulgated the Spill Prevention Control & Countermeasure (SPCC) regulations pursuant to delegated statutory authorities, and pursuant to its authorities under the Clean Water Act, 33 USC § 1251 et seq., which established certain procedures, methods and other requirements upon each owner and operator of a non-transportation-related onshore or off-shore facility, if such facility, due to its location, could reasonably be expected to discharge oil into or upon the navigable waters of the United States and their adjoining shorelines in such quantity as Docket No. CWA-06-2014-48XX

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 6

IN THE MATTER OF

Hilcorp Energy Company Terrebonne Bay Area Shorebase Terrebonne Parish, LA

Respondent

CWA SECTION 311 CLASS I CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL ORDER UNDER 40 CFR § 22.13(b)

Docket No. CWA-06-2014-48XX

LEGAL AUTHORITY

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CONSENT AGREEMENT

Stipulations

The parties, in their own capacity or by their attorneys or other authorized representatives, hereby stipulate:

EPA has determined in 40 CFR § 110.3 may be harmful to the public health or welfare or the environment of the United States ("harmful quantity").

- 6. In promulgating 40 CFR § 110.3, which implements Section 311(b)(4) of the Act, 33 USC § 1321(b)(4), EPA has determined that discharges of harmful quantities include oil discharges that cause either (1) a violation of applicable water quality standards or (2) a film, sheen upon, or discoloration of the surface of the water or adjoining shorelines, or (3) a sludge or emulsion to be deposited beneath the surface of the water or upon adjoining shorelines.
- 7. Respondent is a firm conducting business in the State of Louisiana, with a place of business located at 1201 Louisiana Street Suite 1400, Houston, TX 77002 and is a person within the meaning of Sections 311(a)(7) and 502(5) of the Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1321(a)(7) and 1362(5), and 40 CFR § 112.2.
- 8. Respondent is the owner within the meaning of Section 311(a)(6) of the Act, 33 USC § 1321(a)(6), and 40 CFR § 112.2 of an oil production facility, the Lake Paige facility, located in Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana ("the facility"). The approximate coordinates of the facility are 29.249722° N and -90.664722° W. Drainage from the facility travels directly into the Cocodrie Bayou, thence, Cocodrie Bay.
- 9. The facility has an aggregate above-ground storage capacity greater than 1320 gallons of oil in containers each with a shell capacity of at least 55 gallons. Facility capacity is approximately 37,720 gallons.
- 10. The Cocodrie Bay is navigable waters of the United States within the meaning of 40 CFR § 112.2.
 - 11. Respondent is engaged in drilling, producing, gathering, storing, processing, refining,

transferring, distributing, using or consuming oil or oil products located at the facility.

- 12. The facility is a non-transportation-related facility within the meaning of 40 CFR § 112.2 Appendix A, as incorporated by reference within 40 CFR § 112.2.
- 13. The facility is an offshore/onshore facility within the meaning of Section 311(a)(10) of the Act, 33 USC § 1321(a)(11), 40 CFR § 112.2, and 40 CFR § 112 Appendix B.
- 14. The facility is therefore a non-transportation-related offshore facility which, due to its location, could reasonably be expected to discharge oil to a navigable water of the United States or its adjoining shorelines in a harmful quantity ("an SPCC-regulated facility").
- 15. Pursuant to Section 311(j)(1)(C) of the Act, E.O. 12777, and 40 CFR § 112.1 Respondent, as the owner of an SPCC-regulated facility, is subject to the SPCC regulations.
 - 16. The facility began operating after August 16, 2002.

Allegations

- 17. 40 CFR § 112.3 requires that the owner or operator of an SPCC-regulated facility must prepare a SPCC plan in writing, and implement that plan in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7 and any other applicable section of 40 CFR Part 112.
- 18. On November 6, 2013, EPA inspected the facility and found that Respondent had failed to fully implement its SPCC plan for the facility. Respondent failed to fully implement such an SPCC plan for the facility as follows:
 - a. Facility failed to review and evaluate the plan completion at least once every 5 years. Specifically, the plan did not include documentation of when the review took place thus not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.9(b).
 - b. Facility failed to include in plan discharge prevention measures, including

procedure for routine handling of products. Specifically, there are no transfer procedures located in the plan and not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(a)(3)(ii).

- c. Facility failed to include in plan discharge or drainage controls such as secondary containment around containers and other structures, equipment and procedures for the control of a discharge. Specifically, the plan does not accurately describe the facility's drainage layout and procedure in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(a)(3)(iii).
- d. Facility failed to include in plan and implement containment and/or diversionary structures or equipment to prevent a discharge. Specifically, the plan does not include a discussion on the required containment for the two transfer areas and did not ensure that gaps in the joints of the whiskey slab were repaired thus not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(c).
- e. Facility failed to conduct inspections and tests in accordance with written procedure that you or certifying engineer developed for the facility. Written procedures and a record of the inspections and tests, signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector with the SPCC Plan for a period of three years. Records of inspections and test kept under usual and customary business practices. Specifically, the facility did not conduct monthly written inspections as required in their SPCC plan and thus not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(e).
- f. Facility failed to provide a discussion in plan for Brittle Fracture evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(i).
- g. Facility failed to adequately discuss in plan the conformance with applicable more stringent State rules, regulations, and guidelines and other effective discharge prevention and containment procedures in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(j).
- h. Facility failed to include in plan drainage from diked storage areas by valves to prevent a discharge into the drainage system or facility effluent treatment system, except where facility systems are designed to control such discharge. The facility failed to accurately describe the facility's drainage operation. Specifically, the facility did not describe in plan that the facilities actually drains the sump via vacuum track when the sump is observed to be full and not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(b)(1).
- i. Facility failed to discuss in plan inspection for each aboveground container for integrity on a regular schedule and whenever materials

repairs are made. The facility must determine in accordance with industry standards, the appropriate qualifications for personnel performance test and inspections, the frequency and type of testing and inspections which take into account container size configuration and design. Specifically, the facility failed to discuss the standard used or type of tests that should be conducted and thus not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(c)(6).

- j. Facility failed to address in plan each container installation in accordance with good engineering practice to avoid discharges. Specifically, the plan did not discuss the procedure for checking the liquid level of tanks and not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(c)(8).
- k. Facility failed to discuss in plan a detail description of prompt handling of visible discharges which result in a loss of oil from the container and other pertinent parts (seams, gaskets piping, pumps, valves, rivets, and blots), as well as incorporating a discussion in plan on oil removal from dike areas in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(c)(10).
- 1. Facility failed to discuss in plan cap or blank-flange the terminal connection at the transfer point and mark it as to the origin when piping is not in service/standby in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(d)(2).
- m. Facility failed to discuss in plan details on compliance for regular inspections of all aboveground valves, piping and appurtenances. Specifically, the plan failed to include discussion on inspection of the general conditions of flange joints, expansion joints, valve glands and bodies, catch pans, pipeline supports, locking of valves, and metal surfaces. Include a discussion on conducting integrity and leak testing of buried piping at the time of installations, modification, construction, relocation, or replacement in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(d)(4).
- 19. Respondent's failure to fully implement its SPCC plan for the facility violated 40 CFR § 112.3, and impacted its ability to prevent an oil spill.

Waiver of Rights

20. Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations set forth above and neither admits nor denies the other specific violations alleged above. Respondent waives the right to a hearing under Section 311(b)(6)(B)(i) of the Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1321(b)(6)(B)(i), and to appeal any Final

Order in this matter under Section 311(b)(6)(G)(i) of the Act, 33 U.S.C. §1321(b)(6)(G)(i), and consents to the issuance of a Final Order without further adjudication.

Penalty

21. The Complainant proposes, and Respondent consents to, the assessment of a civil penalty of \$7,720.00.

Payment Terms

Based on the forgoing, the parties, in their own capacity or by their attorneys or authorized representatives, hereby agree that:

21. Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the Final Order, the Respondent shall pay the amount of \$7,720.00 by means of a cashier's or certified check, or by electronic funds transfer (EFT). The Respondent shall submit this Consent Agreement and Final Order, with original signature, along with documentation of the penalty payment to:

OPA Enforcement Coordinator
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 6 (6SF-PC)
1445 Ross Avenue
Dallas, Texas 75202-2733

- If you are paying by check, pay the check to "Environmental Protection Agency," noting on the check "OSTLF-311" and docket number CWA-06-2012-4806. If you use the U.S. Postal Service, address the payment to:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Fines & Penalties P.O. Box 979077, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000

- If you use a private delivery service, address the payment to:

U.S. Bank 1005 Convention Plaza, Mail Station SL-MO-C2GL St. Louis, MO 63101 - The Respondent shall submit copies of the check (or, in the case of an EFT transfer, copies of the EFT confirmation) to the following person:

Lorena Vaughn
Regional Hearing Clerk (6RC)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 6
1445 Ross Avenue
Dallas, TX 75202-2733

22. Failure by the Respondent to pay the penalty assessed by the Final Order in full by its due date may subject Respondent to a civil action to collect the assessed penalty, plus interest, attorney's fees, costs and an additional quarterly nonpayment penalty pursuant to Section 311(b)(6)(H) of the Act, 33 USC §1321(b)(6)(H). In any such collection action, the validity, amount and appropriateness of the penalty agreed to herein shall not be subject to review.

General Provisions

- 23. The Final Order shall be binding upon Respondent and Respondent's officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, and successors or assigns.
- 24. The Final Order does not constitute a waiver, suspension or modification of the requirements of Section 311 of the Act, 33 USC §1321, or any regulations promulgated thereunder, and does not affect the right of the Administrator or the United States to pursue any applicable injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violation of law. Payment of the penalty pursuant to this Consent Agreement resolves only Respondent's liability for federal civil penalties for the violations and facts stipulated to and alleged herein.

Apache Corporation

Date:	Zeke Zeringue EH&S Specialist
•	
U.S. ENVIRONN	MENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
	MENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
U.S. ENVIRONN Date:	Ragan R. Broyles
_	Ragan R. Broyles Associate Director
_	Ragan R. Broyles

FINAL ORDER

Pursuant to Section 311(b)(6) of the Act, 33 USC §1321(b)(6) and the delegated authority of the undersigned, and in accordance with the "Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties, Issuance of Compliance or Corrective Action Orders, and the Revocation, Termination or Suspension of Permits," codified at 40 CFR Part 22, the forgoing Consent Agreement is hereby approved and incorporated by reference into this Final Order, and the Stipulations by the parties and Allegations by the Complainant are adopted as Findings in this Final Order.

The Respondent is ordered to comply with the terms of the Consent Agreement.

Date:	
	Pamela Phillips
	Acting Director
	Superfund Division



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 6

IN THE MATTER OF

Hilcorp Energy Company Terrebonne Bay Area Shorebase Terrebonne Parish, LA

Respondent

CWA SECTION 311 CLASS I CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL ORDER UNDER 40 CFR § 22.13(b)

Docket No. CWA-06-2014-48XX

LEGAL AUTHORITY

1. This Consent Agreement is proposed and entered into under the authority vested in the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") by Section 311(b)(6)(B)(i) of the Clean Water Act ("Act"), 33 U.S.C. § 1321(b)(6)(B)(i), as amended by the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, and under the authority provided by 40 CFR §§ 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2). The Administrator has delegated these authorities to the Regional Administrator of EPA, Region 6, who has in turn delegated them to the Director of the Superfund Division of EPA, Region 6, who has, by his concurrence, re-delegated the authority to act as Complainant to the Associate Director Prevention and Response Branch in Region 6, Delegation No. R6-2-51, dated February 13, 2008 ("Complainant").

CONSENT AGREEMENT

Stipulations

The parties, in their own capacity or by their attorneys or other authorized representatives, hereby stipulate:

- 2. Section 311(j)(1)(C) of the Act, 33 USC § 1321(j)(1)(C), provides that the President shall issue regulations "establishing procedures, methods, and equipment and other requirements for equipment to prevent discharges of oil from onshore or offshore vessels and from onshore or offshore facilities, and to contain such discharges"
- 3. Initially by Executive Order 11548 (July 20, 1970), 35 Fed. Reg. 11677 (July 22, 1970), and most recently by Section 2(b)(1) of Executive Order 12777 (October 18, 1991), 56 Fed. Reg. 54757 (October 22, 1991), the President delegated to EPA his Section 311(j)(1)(C) authority to issue the regulations referenced in the preceding Paragraph for non-transportation-related onshore and offshore facilities.
- 4. Through Executive Order 12777 (October 18, 1991), 56 Fed. Reg. 54757 (October 22, 1991), the President delegated to DOI, responsibility for spill prevention and control, contingency planning, and equipment inspection activities associated with offshore facilities. Subsequently, pursuant to section 2(i) of E.O. 12777, the Secretary of the Interior re-delegated, and the Administrator of EPA agreed to assume (MOU published as Appendix B to 40 CFR Part 112), responsibility for non-transportation-related offshore facilities located landward of the coast line.
- 5. EPA promulgated the Spill Prevention Control & Countermeasure (SPCC) regulations pursuant to delegated statutory authorities, and pursuant to its authorities under the Clean Water Act, 33 USC § 1251 et seq., which established certain procedures, methods and other requirements upon each owner and operator of a non-transportation-related onshore or off-shore facility, if such facility, due to its location, could reasonably be expected to discharge oil into or upon the navigable waters of the United States and their adjoining shorelines in such quantity as

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 6

IN THE MATTER OF

Hilcorp Energy Company Terrebonne Bay Area Shorebase Terrebonne Parish, LA

Respondent

CWA SECTION 311 CLASS I CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL ORDER UNDER 40 CFR § 22.13(b)

Docket No. CWA-06-2014-48XX

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EPA has determined in 40 CFR § 110.3 may be harmful to the public health or welfare or the environment of the United States ("harmful quantity").

- 6. In promulgating 40 CFR § 110.3, which implements Section 311(b)(4) of the Act, 33 USC § 1321(b)(4), EPA has determined that discharges of harmful quantities include oil discharges that cause either (1) a violation of applicable water quality standards or (2) a film, sheen upon, or discoloration of the surface of the water or adjoining shorelines, or (3) a sludge or emulsion to be deposited beneath the surface of the water or upon adjoining shorelines.
- 7. Respondent is a firm conducting business in the State of Louisiana, with a place of business located at 1201 Louisiana Street Suite 1400, Houston, TX 77002 and is a person within the meaning of Sections 311(a)(7) and 502(5) of the Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1321(a)(7) and 1362(5), and 40 CFR § 112.2.
- 8. Respondent is the owner within the meaning of Section 311(a)(6) of the Act, 33 USC § 1321(a)(6), and 40 CFR § 112.2 of an oil production facility, the Lake Paige facility, located in Terrebonne Parish, Louisiana ("the facility"). The approximate coordinates of the facility are 29.249722° N and -90.664722° W. Drainage from the facility travels directly into the Cocodrie Bayou, thence, Cocodrie Bay.
- 9. The facility has an aggregate above-ground storage capacity greater than 1320 gallons of oil in containers each with a shell capacity of at least 55 gallons. Facility capacity is approximately 37,720 gallons.
- 10. The Cocodrie Bay is navigable waters of the United States within the meaning of 40 CFR § 112.2.
 - 11. Respondent is engaged in drilling, producing, gathering, storing, processing, refining,

transferring, distributing, using or consuming oil or oil products located at the facility.

- 12. The facility is a non-transportation-related facility within the meaning of 40 CFR § 112.2 Appendix A, as incorporated by reference within 40 CFR § 112.2.
- 13. The facility is an offshore/onshore facility within the meaning of Section 311(a)(10) of the Act, 33 USC § 1321(a)(11), 40 CFR § 112.2, and 40 CFR § 112 Appendix B.
- 14. The facility is therefore a non-transportation-related offshore facility which, due to its location, could reasonably be expected to discharge oil to a navigable water of the United States or its adjoining shorelines in a harmful quantity ("an SPCC-regulated facility").
- 15. Pursuant to Section 311(j)(1)(C) of the Act, E.O. 12777, and 40 CFR § 112.1 Respondent, as the owner of an SPCC-regulated facility, is subject to the SPCC regulations.
 - 16. The facility began operating after August 16, 2002.

Allegations

- 17. 40 CFR § 112.3 requires that the owner or operator of an SPCC-regulated facility must prepare a SPCC plan in writing, and implement that plan in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7 and any other applicable section of 40 CFR Part 112.
- 18. On November 6, 2013, EPA inspected the facility and found that Respondent had failed to fully implement its SPCC plan for the facility. Respondent failed to fully implement such an SPCC plan for the facility as follows:
 - a. Facility failed to review and evaluate the plan completion at least once every 5 years. Specifically, the plan did not include documentation of when the review took place thus not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.9(b).
 - b. Facility failed to include in plan discharge prevention measures, including

procedure for routine handling of products. Specifically, there are no transfer procedures located in the plan and not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(a)(3)(ii).

- c. Facility failed to include in plan discharge or drainage controls such as secondary containment around containers and other structures, equipment and procedures for the control of a discharge. Specifically, the plan does not accurately describe the facility's drainage layout and procedure in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(a)(3)(iii).
- d. Facility failed to include in plan and implement containment and/or diversionary structures or equipment to prevent a discharge. Specifically, the plan does not include a discussion on the required containment for the two transfer areas and did not ensure that gaps in the joints of the whiskey slab were repaired thus not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(c).
- e. Facility failed to conduct inspections and tests in accordance with written procedure that you or certifying engineer developed for the facility. Written procedures and a record of the inspections and tests, signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector with the SPCC Plan for a period of three years. Records of inspections and test kept under usual and customary business practices. Specifically, the facility did not conduct monthly written inspections as required in their SPCC plan and thus not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(e).
- f. Facility failed to provide a discussion in plan for Brittle Fracture evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(i).
- g. Facility failed to adequately discuss in plan the conformance with applicable more stringent State rules, regulations, and guidelines and other effective discharge prevention and containment procedures in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.7(j).
- h. Facility failed to include in plan drainage from diked storage areas by valves to prevent a discharge into the drainage system or facility effluent treatment system, except where facility systems are designed to control such discharge. The facility failed to accurately describe the facility's drainage operation. Specifically, the facility did not describe in plan that the facilities actually drains the sump via vacuum track when the sump is observed to be full and not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(b)(1).
- i. Facility failed to discuss in plan inspection for each aboveground container for integrity on a regular schedule and whenever materials

repairs are made. The facility must determine in accordance with industry standards, the appropriate qualifications for personnel performance test and inspections, the frequency and type of testing and inspections which take into account container size configuration and design. Specifically, the facility failed to discuss the standard used or type of tests that should be conducted and thus not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(c)(6).

- j. Facility failed to address in plan each container installation in accordance with good engineering practice to avoid discharges. Specifically, the plan did not discuss the procedure for checking the liquid level of tanks and not in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(c)(8).
- k. Facility failed to discuss in plan a detail description of prompt handling of visible discharges which result in a loss of oil from the container and other pertinent parts (seams, gaskets piping, pumps, valves, rivets, and blots), as well as incorporating a discussion in plan on oil removal from dike areas in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(c)(10).
- 1. Facility failed to discuss in plan cap or blank-flange the terminal connection at the transfer point and mark it as to the origin when piping is not in service/standby in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(d)(2).
- m. Facility failed to discuss in plan details on compliance for regular inspections of all aboveground valves, piping and appurtenances. Specifically, the plan failed to include discussion on inspection of the general conditions of flange joints, expansion joints, valve glands and bodies, catch pans, pipeline supports, locking of valves, and metal surfaces. Include a discussion on conducting integrity and leak testing of buried piping at the time of installations, modification, construction, relocation, or replacement in accordance with 40 CFR § 112.8(d)(4).
- 19. Respondent's failure to fully implement its SPCC plan for the facility violated 40 CFR § 112.3, and impacted its ability to prevent an oil spill.

Waiver of Rights

20. Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations set forth above and neither admits nor denies the other specific violations alleged above. Respondent waives the right to a hearing under Section 311(b)(6)(B)(i) of the Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1321(b)(6)(B)(i), and to appeal any Final

Order in this matter under Section 311(b)(6)(G)(i) of the Act, 33 U.S.C. §1321(b)(6)(G)(i), and consents to the issuance of a Final Order without further adjudication.

Penalty

21. The Complainant proposes, and Respondent consents to, the assessment of a civil penalty of \$7,720.00.

Payment Terms

Based on the forgoing, the parties, in their own capacity or by their attorneys or authorized representatives, hereby agree that:

21. Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the Final Order, the Respondent shall pay the amount of \$7,720.00 by means of a cashier's or certified check, or by electronic funds transfer (EFT). The Respondent shall submit this Consent Agreement and Final Order, with original signature, along with documentation of the penalty payment to:

OPA Enforcement Coordinator
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 6 (6SF-PC)
1445 Ross Avenue
Dallas, Texas 75202-2733

- If you are paying by check, pay the check to "Environmental Protection Agency," noting on the check "OSTLF-311" and docket number CWA-06-2012-4806. If you use the U.S. Postal Service, address the payment to:
 - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Fines & Penalties P.O. Box 979077, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000
 - If you use a private delivery service, address the payment to:

U.S. Bank 1005 Convention Plaza, Mail Station SL-MO-C2GL St. Louis, MO 63101 - The Respondent shall submit copies of the check (or, in the case of an EFT transfer, copies of the EFT confirmation) to the following person:

Lorena Vaughn
Regional Hearing Clerk (6RC)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 6
1445 Ross Avenue
Dallas, TX 75202-2733

22. Failure by the Respondent to pay the penalty assessed by the Final Order in full by its due date may subject Respondent to a civil action to collect the assessed penalty, plus interest, attorney's fees, costs and an additional quarterly nonpayment penalty pursuant to Section 311(b)(6)(H) of the Act, 33 USC §1321(b)(6)(H). In any such collection action, the validity, amount and appropriateness of the penalty agreed to herein shall not be subject to review.

General Provisions

- 23. The Final Order shall be binding upon Respondent and Respondent's officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, and successors or assigns.
- 24. The Final Order does not constitute a waiver, suspension or modification of the requirements of Section 311 of the Act, 33 USC §1321, or any regulations promulgated thereunder, and does not affect the right of the Administrator or the United States to pursue any applicable injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violation of law. Payment of the penalty pursuant to this Consent Agreement resolves only Respondent's liability for federal civil penalties for the violations and facts stipulated to and alleged herein.

Associate Director

Prevention & Response Branch
Superfund Division

Date: Zeke Zeringue EH&S Specialist U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Date: Ragan R. Broyles

Apache Corporation

FINAL ORDER

Pursuant to Section 311(b)(6) of the Act, 33 USC §1321(b)(6) and the delegated authority of the undersigned, and in accordance with the "Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties, Issuance of Compliance or Corrective Action Orders, and the Revocation, Termination or Suspension of Permits," codified at 40 CFR Part 22, the forgoing Consent Agreement is hereby approved and incorporated by reference into this Final Order, and the Stipulations by the parties and Allegations by the Complainant are adopted as Findings in this Final Order.

The Respondent is ordered to comply with the terms of the Consent Agreement.

Date:	
	Pamela Phillips
	Acting Director
	Superfund Division